

SPECIAL RELEASE

Summary Inflation Report Consumer Price Index (2018=100)

July 2024

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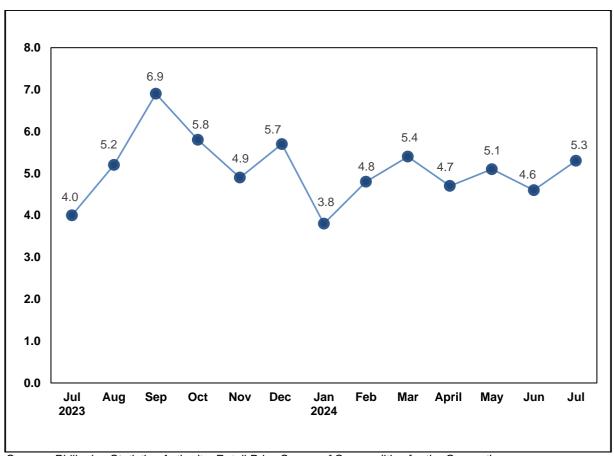
Table A. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates, All Items In Percent (2018=100)

Area	July 2023	June 2024	July 2024	Year- to-date*
Philippines	4.7	3.7	4.4	3.7
Caraga	3.8	3.3	3.7	3.2
Surigao del Sur	4.0	4.6	5.3	4.8

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

^{*}Year-on-year change of CPI for January to July 2024 vs. 2023

Figure 1. Headline Inflation Rates in Surigao del Sur, All Items In Percent (2018=100)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

Headline Inflation

The headline inflation or overall inflation in Surigao del Sur increased to 5.3 percent in July 2024, from 4.6 percent in June 2024. Inflation in July 2023 was lower at 4.0 percent. (Tables A and B)

For comparison, the provincial headline inflation in July 2024 is faster than the regional and national headline inflation at 3.7 percent and 4.4 percent, respectively.

Table B. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates in Surigao del Sur, All Items In Percent January 2019 – July 2024 (2018=100)

Manth	Year						
Month	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
January	3.0	3.9	2.9	4.5	8.3	3.8	
February	2.6	4.2	3.7	3.8	8.0	4.8	
March	2.2	3.6	4.3	4.9	6.2	5.4	
April	2.2	4.0	3.8	4.7	5.8	4.7	
May	2.4	3.6	4.0	5.0	5.6	5.1	
June	2.0	4.4	3.2	5.9	5.6	4.6	
July	2.6	3.8	3.0	7.2	4.0	5.3	
August	1.7	3.7	3.0	7.3	5.2		
September	0.0	3.9	2.2	8.2	6.9		
October	-0.2	4.2	2.1	8.0	5.8		
November	1.6	2.9	3.3	6.5	4.9		
December	3.6	2.8	3.7	7.0	5.7		
Average	2.0	3.8	3.3	6.1	6.0	4.8	

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

The uptrend of overall inflation in July 2024 was mainly brought by the heavily weighted food and non-alcoholic beverages which recorded an inflation rate of 9.4 percent from 8.2 percent in the previous month. This was followed by housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels, 1.6 percent from 0.9 percent in the previous month.

Compared with the previous month's inflation rate, higher annual increments were noted in the indices of the following commodity groups during the months:

- a) Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, 5.1 percent from 4.4 percent;
- b) Information and communication, 3.1 percent from 2.3 percent; and
- c) Personal care, and miscellaneous goods and services, 5.6 percent from 4.3 percent.

On the contrary, lower inflation rates were observed in the following commodity groups:

- a) Clothing and footwear, 2.9 percent from 3.5 percent;
- b) Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance, 2.3 percent from 2.4 percent;
- c) Health, 1.3 percent from 1.5 percent;
- d) Recreation, sport and culture, 5.3 percent from 5.4 percent; and
- e) Restaurants and accommodation services, 5.0 percent from 5.2 percent.

Meanwhile, the indices of transport, education services, and financial services retained their previous month's annual rates. (Table C)

Table C. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates, by Commodity Group, Surigao del Sur:
July 2023, and June and July 2024
In Percent
(2018=100)

Commodity Group	2023	2024	
Commonly Crossp	July	June	July
ALL ITEMS	4.0	4.6	5.3
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	4.1	8.2	9.4
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	5.8	4.4	5.1
Clothing and Footwear	4.2	3.5	2.9
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	12.2	0.9	1.6
Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance	3.1	2.4	2.3
Health	4.2	1.5	1.3
Transport	-6.1	-0.5	-0.5
Information and Communication	0.2	2.3	3.1
Recreation, Sport and Culture	4.7	5.4	5.3
Education Services	0.7	0.7	0.7
Restaurants and Accommodation Services	7.1	5.2	5.0
Financial Services	0.0	0.0	0.0
Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services	4.4	4.3	5.6

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

Food Inflation

At the provincial level, the food index increased to 10.0 percent in July 2024, from 8.8 percent in the previous month. In July 2023, food inflation was lower at 3.8 percent.

Likewise, the following food groups exhibited higher inflation rates during the month:

- a. Meat and other parts of slaughtered land animals, 2.3 percent from 0.0 percent;
- b. Fish and other seafood, -4.4 percent from -7.4 percent;
- c. Oils and fats, 0.8 percent from -0.6 percent;
- d. Fruits and nuts, 6.4 percent from 3.7 percent; and
- e. Vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses, 3.1 percent from 0.5 percent.

On the contrary, lower inflation rates were observed in the following commodity groups:

- a. Cereals and cereal products, 26.3 percent from 26.9 percent;
- b. Sugar, confectionery and desserts, -11.5 percent from -10.3 percent; and
- c. Ready-made food and other food products n.e.c, 7.8 percent from 8.4 percent.

Meanwhile, the inflation rate of milk, other dairy products and eggs retained its previous month's annual rates. (Table D)

Table D. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates, Food Commodity Group, Surigao del Sur:
July 2023, and June and July 2024
In Percent
(2018=100)

Food Commodity Group	July 2023	June 2024	July 2024
ALL ITEMS	4.0	4.6	5.3
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	4.1	8.2	9.4
*Food	3.8	8.8	10.0
Cereals and Cereal Products	5.5	26.9	26.3
Cereals	6.0	31.1	30.4
Rice	4.9	32.0	32.0
Corn	21.4	20.3	12.5
Flour, Bread and Other Bakery Products, Pasta Products, and Other Cereals	2.6	3.1	2.7
Meat and Other Parts of Slaughtered Land Animals	-0.4	0.0	2.3
Fish and Other Seafood	-1.6	-7.4	-4.4
Milk, Other Dairy Products, and Eggs	7.5	4.6	4.6
Oils and Fats	11.5	-0.6	0.8
Fruits and Nuts	8.0	3.7	6.4
Vegetables, Tubers, Plantains, Cooking Bananas and Pulses	6.9	0.5	3.1
Sugar, Confectionery and Desserts	15.2	-10.3	-11.5
Ready-Made Food and Other Food Products N.E.C.	7.6	8.4	7.8

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

TECHNICAL NOTES

Consumer Price Index (CPI) – The CPI is an indicator of the change in the average retail prices of a fixed basket of goods and services commonly purchased by households relative to a base year.

Components of the CPI

- a. Base Period The reference data or base period is the benchmark or reference date or period at which the index is taken as equal to 100.
- b. Market Basket A sample of the thousands of varieties of goods purchased for consumption and services availed by the households in the country selected to represent the composite price behavior of all goods and services purchased by consumers.
- c. Weighing System The weighing pattern uses the expenditures on various consumer items purchased by households as a proportion to total expenditure.
- d. Formula The formula used in computing the CPI is the weighted arithmetic mean of price relatives, the Laspeyres formula with a fixed base year period (2018) weights.
- e. Geographic Coverage CPI values are computed at the national, regional, and provincial levels, and for selected cities.

Inflation Rate (IR) – is the rate of change of the CPI expressed in percent. Inflation is interpreted in terms of the declining purchasing power of peso.

Purchasing Power of Peso (PPP) – shows how much the peso in the base period is worth in the current period. It is computed as the reciprocal of the CPI for the period under review multiplied by 100.

Approved for release:

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